MA 115-02 §1.1-4.1 Test #1	score	Name: 29 June 2000
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1. Find an equation of the line containing the points (1,2) and (-4,8). What is the *y*-intercept for this line? *(8 points)*

2. Are the data in the set {(4, 10), (1, 6), (8, 1), (5, 3)} linealy correlated (strongly, weakly, positively, negatively)? Explain. In any event, find the equation of the regression line for the data. *(8 points)*

^{3.} Find the local extrema (maxes and mins) for the function $f(x) = x^4 - 23x^3 + 100x^2 - 400x + 625$. Report your answers correct to one decimal point. (8 points)

4. Determine the points of intersection of the graphs of the equations $y = 3^x$ and $y = x^4$. Give your answers correct to one decimal place. (8 points)

5. Solve the inequality |2 - 5x| < 3 algebraically (show your work). (8 points)

6. Let $f(x) = 2x^2 + x - 3$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{2x + 1}$. Compute a simplified formula for $f \circ g(x)$ and for $g \circ f(x)$. (8 points)

7. Sketch the graph of the relation given by the parametric equations $x(t) = t^2 - 1$ and $y(t) = t^3 - t$ in the *xy*-plane. Is this relation a function *y* of *x*? (8 points)

8. To the dotted graph to the right shows a graph of the function $f(x) = x^2$ and the solid curve another quadratic polynomial. Estimate the equation of the solid curve by expressing it as a magnificiation and translation of the dotted curve. (7 points)





9. Let $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$. This function is not one-to-one, but its domain can be restricted to an interval of the form x > afor some *a* so that the resulting function is one-to-one. Find a suitable value for *a* and a formula for the inverse function of the restricted *f* and sketch the graphs of the function and its inverse together on the axes. (5 points)



10. Let $f(x) = x^5 + x^2 + 1$. What does Descarte's Rule of Signs allow you to conclude about the number of positive and negative real roots? Use the Rational Root Theorem to determine if f(x) has any rational zeros. Approximate the real roots to one decimal place. (8 points)

11. Express $f(x) = x^4 + x^3 - x - 1$ as a product of irreducible linear and quadratic factors and find its exact roots (both real and complex). (7 points)

12. Find a polynomial of least degree having real coefficients that has 1 as a double root and 1 + i also as a root. (6 points)

13. Suppose we start with 500 bacteria and that their number doubles every 5 hours. Write a formula for the number of bactera present after *t* hours and estimate the number present after 3 days. *(8 points)*